

Instructions:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
 (ii) All answers must be to the point.

(Prose)

1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives to the following questions:

- (i) Bairam Khan was Akbar's—
 (a) Prime Minister (b) President
 (c) Foster brother (d) Chief Minister
- (ii) The medical conference was held at—
 (a) Verona (b) Venice
 (c) Genoa (d) Paris
- (iii) Who taught lip reading to Miss Keller?
 (a) Pamela Dare (b) Dale Ivans
 (c) Sarah Fuller (d) Miss Sullivan
- (iv) Marie Curie was born in—
 (a) 1857 (b) 1867
 (c) 1869 (d) 1889

(B) Fill in the blanks with the words given in the bracket:

- (light, pasture, set-fire, condemned)
 (i) Gabriel will come from the back and _____ to the thatch.
 (ii) Gabriel _____ to be beaten publicly.
 (iii) Ivan would drive the horses to the _____.
 (iv) It was _____ as day and Ivan could hear the roaring sound.

2. Answer the following questions in two or three sentences each:

- (a) What was the anxiety in Adham Khan's mind?
 (b) What is a mould?
 (c) Why did Sohrab's opponent withdraw his challenge?
 (d) What were Helen's achievements at school and college?
 (e) What property of radium makes it useful to doctors?
 (f) What was the dying advice of the old man?

Or

Why did Prospero break his magic wand and bury his books?

(Poetry)

3. Choose the correct answers:

- (a) Upagupta the disciple of Buddha lay asleep on the dust by the city wall of:
 (i) Varanasi (ii) Samath
 (iii) Mathura (iv) Agra
- (b) Who was the friend of the dog in the poem 'Elegy on the death of a mad dog'?
- (i) The dog's master (ii) The neighbour
 (iii) A man (iv) The disciple

4. Answer the following questions in about 20 words each:

- (a) What did neighbours fear would happen to the man in the poem 'Elegy on the death of a mad dog'?
- (b) What qualities of the fountain does the poet wish to have?
- (c) What did the dancing girl say to Upagupta?

Or

Where is the woodland owner's house?

(Vocabulary)

5. (a) Match the following: (any four)

- (i) Tempest - A thing that protects the body when fighting
 (ii) Sore - One who has beaten all his rivals
 (iii) Fortnight - Something excavated from the earth
 (iv) Mineral - A violent storm with much wind
 (v) Shield - A period of two weeks or fifteen days
 (vi) Champion - A painful part of the body

(b) Give the antonyms of the following using prefix: (any three)

(dis, in, mis, un, im)

discipline, fortune, mortal, honest, happy

(c) Make noun forms of the following: (any three)

employ, pollute, educate, discuss, know

(Reading Comprehension)

6. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Radium is called a 'magic metal' because it has certain wonderful properties. It continuously gives off particles and invisible rays of energy (similar X-rays) because of the breaking up of its atoms. This is called radio-activity. While the atoms break up continuously, the metal does not noticeably lose weight. It has in it, as it were, an inexhaustible store of energy.

Radium is one of the rarest of metals. It is also one of the most useful metals to man, because its property of radio-activity helps doctors to cure some diseases which they once thought incurable. For instance, those suffering from cancer and some kinds of skin diseases have now hope of cure by treatment with the help of radium. It is no wonder, therefore, that hospitals pay huge sum of money for a few milligrams of it.

Answer the questions: (any four)

- (i) Which metal is called a magic metal?
 (ii) What keeps happening to radium?
 (iii) Which property of radium is helpful to doctors?
 (iv) Why is radium called a 'magic metal'?
 (v) What diseases can be treated by radium?
 (vi) What was inexhaustible store of energy?

7. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

India is facing many dangerous problems. The main problems among them are the unemployment, pollution, population and illiteracy. Due to these harmful problems our country cannot progress well. All of us and specially our government should make effective efforts to solve them. The role of students,

teachers and of the whole society has great importance in this field. We should change our tendency, policy of education and should end these problems. Our State governments are trying their best to solve such huge problems. Every change needs enough time.

Answer the questions: (any four)

- What are the main problems of India?
- Can India make progress without ending them?
- Who can play main role in this field?
- Should we change our educational policy?
- Who should make effective efforts to solve the problems?
- Give the suitable title for the above passage.

8. **Translate the following sentences into English: (any five)**

- सूर्य पूर्व दिशा में उदय होता है।
- अपना समय मत गँबाइये।
- क्या आप डाक्टर हैं?
- रायपुर छत्तीसगढ़ की राजधानी है।
- वह कक्षा में उपस्थित था।
- मेरे विद्यालय में एक बगीचा है।
- हमने अपना गृहकार्य नहीं किया।
- सुबह से वर्षा हो रही है।

(Grammar)

9. (a) **Do as directed: (any five)**

- Horses are faithful animals. (Change into singular number)
- Rustam saved his country many times. (Rewrite the sentence using 'do/does /did' emphasis)
- To see the faults is easy. (Rewrite using 'it')
- He told me a story. (Change into negative sentence)
- Rahul made toys for children. (Add a question tag)
- The train will depart tomorrow. (Change into Present Indefinite tense)

(b) **Do as directed: (any five)**

- Hydrogen is more reactive than nitrogen. (Change into positive degree without changing its meaning)
- It is necessary that we should educate one and all. (Rewrite using 'Have got to')
- (a) He had worked very hard.
(b) Otherwise he would have failed. (Combine the sentences using Had..... Would have)
- The teacher said, "The earth is a heavenly body". (Change the sentences into indirect speech)

(b) He can't pass. (Combine the sentences using 'So.... that')

(vi) (a) This book is interesting.

(b) This book is useful. (Combine the sentences using 'Not only... but also')

(vii) My brother has done the work. (Change the sentence into passive voice)

(c) **Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternatives: (any five)**

- The earth _____ round the Sun. (revolved, revolve, revolves)
- There is not _____ money in my purse. (many, any, some)
- My brother has _____ knowledge about computer. (few, any, little)
- _____ that glitters is not gold. (Each, All, Every)
- He gave me _____ one hundred rupee note. (a, an, the)
- Our class consists _____ fifty boys. (in, on, of)
- We must be loyal _____ our country. (of, on, to)

10. **Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 200 words:**

- My Favourite Leader
- My Hobby
- A festival you like most
- Importance of Science in daily life
- A visit to a historical place.

11. **Correct the underlined errors and write them in given space:**

The Tajmahal, the famous monument, build _____ by Shah Jahan in memory of her wife _____. It was complete in _____ twenty two years. The architech was Isakhan that came from Shiraj _____. The beauty of the Taj are known throughout the world. _____

Or

Last week when I is crossing the _____ (1) _____, the cyclist knocked me off. I lose my balance _____ (2) _____ and fell down in the road. Someone pick me up _____ (3) _____ and when I open my eyes I found myself _____ (4) _____ in a hospital. I have a slight pain in the _____ (5) _____ leg.

12. You are Anand Mishra, studying in Class X (B) in Mother Convent School, Bilaspur. Your father has been transferred to Jagdalpur. Write an application to the Principal of your school, requesting him to issue a transfer certificate.

Or

You are Sneha Malhotra, a student of class X. You are residing in a hostel. Write a letter to your father about your hostel life and studies.

13. **Complete the passage using the words given in the bracket:**

(parents, children, educating, two, dressing)

The Curies had _____ daughters. In the midst of all their work the _____ found time to give every attention that was necessary to the _____ at home, _____ them, feeding them, taking them out and _____ them.

Or

Complete the passage using the words given in the bracket:

(yard, egg, quarrel, hen, fence)

A small matter started all the _____. One day one of Ivan's _____ flew over the _____ into the neighbours _____ and laid its egg there. So Ivan's daughter-in-law went to Gabriel's house to look for the _____.