

Subject : General English

Set-C

Instructions:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
 (ii) All answers must be to the point.

(Prose)

1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives to the following questions:

- (i) Who was Adham Khan?
 (a) Akbar's foster brother
 (b) Akbar's Chief Minister
 (c) Akbar's father
 (d) Akbar's Commander in Chief
- (ii) Mould was destroying :
 (a) the plant (b) the drug
 (c) the culture (d) medicine
- (iii) Name a kind of writing which blind people can read by touch :
 (a) Roman (b) Latin
 (c) Greek (d) Braille
- (iv) Radium is extracted from :
 (a) Aluminium (b) Bauxite
 (c) Magnesium (d) Pitch blende

(B) Fill in the blanks with the words given in the bracket:

- (infection, Radium, People's Party, servant)
- (i) Uberto was leader of _____
 (ii) Ariel was Prospero's _____
 (iii) Lister had discovered that _____ was due to presence of microbes.
 (iv) Marie Curie discovered _____

2. Answer the following questions in two or three sentences each:

- (a) What did Bairam Khan do with the letters? Why did he do that?
 (b) What qualities are indispensable to a scientist?
 (c) What was Sohrab's last wish?
 (d) What do even parents of handicapped children fail to realize?
 (e) How did Pierre Curie meet his death?
 (f) Why did the old man say Ivan was not able to see the truth?

Or

Why did Prospero leave the management of State affairs to Antonio?

(Poetry)

3. Choose the correct answers:

- (a) The poet of the poem 'The Fountain' is—
 (i) Oliver Goldsmith (ii) J.R. Lowell
 (iii) Rabindranath Tagore (iv) Robert Frost
- (b) _____ won the race in the poem "The Hare and the Tortoise".
 (i) Johnny (ii) Tommy
 (iii) Ronny (iv) Sammy

4. Answer the following questions in about 20 words each:

- (a) What qualities of the fountain does the poet wish to have?
 (b) What was the wonder that happened in the end in the poem 'Elegy on the death of a mad dog'?
 (c) What does sleep stand for if the journey of life in the poem 'Stopping by the Woods on a Snowy evening'?

Or

Where is the woodland owner's house?

(Vocabulary)

5. (a) Match the following: (any four)

- | | | |
|---------------|---|--|
| (i) Fortnight | - | A painful part of the body |
| (ii) Mineral | - | One who has beaten all his rivals |
| (iii) Tempest | - | A thing that protects the body when fighting |
| (iv) Shield | - | A period of two weeks or fifteen days |
| (v) Sore | - | Something excavated from the earth |
| (vi) Champion | - | A violent storm with much wind |

(b) Give the antonyms of the following using prefix: (any three)

(un, dis, in, mis, im)
 mortal, honest, happy, fortune, discipline

(c) Make noun forms of the following: (any three)

employ, know, discuss, educate, pollute

(Reading Comprehension)

6. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Radium is called a 'magic metal' because it has certain wonderful properties. It continuously gives off particles and invisible rays of energy (similar X-rays)

because of the breaking up of its atoms. This is called radio-activity. While the atoms break up continuously, the metal does not noticeably lose weight. It has in it, as it were, an inexhaustible store of energy.

Radium is one of the rarest of metals. It is also one of the most useful metals to man, because its property of radio-activity helps doctors to cure some diseases which they once thought incurable. For instance, those suffering from cancer and some kinds of skin diseases have now hope of cure by treatment with the help of radium. It is no wonder, therefore, that hospitals pay huge sum of money for a few milligrams of it.

Answer the questions: (any four)

- Which metals called a magic metal?
- What was inexhaustible store of energy?
- What keeps happening to radium?
- Which property of radium is helpful to doctors?
- What diseases can be treated by radium?
- Why is radium called a 'magic metal'?

7. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

India is facing many dangerous problems. The main problems among them are the unemployment, pollution, population and illiteracy. Due to these harmful problems our country cannot progress well. All of us and specially our government should make effective efforts to solve them. The role of students, teachers and of the whole society has great importance in this field. We should change our tendency, policy of education and should end these problems. Our State governments are trying their best to solve such huge problems. Every change needs enough time.

Answer the questions: (any four)

- What are the main problems of India?
- Can India make progress without ending them?
- Who can play main role in this field?
- Should we change our educational policy?
- Who should make effective efforts to solve the problems?
- Give the suitable title for the above passage.

8. Translate the following sentences into English: (any five)

- अपना समय मत गँबाइये।
- रायपुर छत्तीसगढ़ की राजधानी है।
- वह कक्षा में उपस्थित था।
- क्या आप डाक्टर हैं?
- हमने अपना गृहकार्य नहीं किया।
- मेरे विद्यालय में एक बगीचा है।

(vii) सूर्य पूर्व दिशा में उदय होता है।

(viii) सुबह से वर्षा हो रही है।

(Grammar)

(a) Do as directed: (any five)

- The train will depart tomorrow. (Change into Present Indefinite tense)
- Rahul made toys for children. (Add a question tag)
- He told me a story. (Change into negative sentence)
- To see the faults is easy. (Rewrite using 'it')
- Rustam saved his country many times. (Rewrite the sentence using 'do/does /did' emphasis)
- Horses are faithful animals. (Change into singular number)

(b) Do as directed: (any five)

- (a) This book is interesting.
(b) This book is useful. (Combine the sentences using 'Not only... but also')
- The teacher said, "The earth is a heavenly body". (Change the sentences into indirect speech)
- (a) He is very weak in English.
(b) He can't pass. (Combine the sentences using 'So.... that')
- My brother has done the work. (Change the sentence into passive voice)
- It is necessary that we should educate one and all. (Rewrite using 'Have got to')
- (a) He had worked very hard.

(b) Otherwise he would have failed. (Combine the sentences using Had..... Would have)

(vii) Hydrogen is more reactive than nitrogen. (Change into positive degree without changing its meaning)

(c) Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternatives: (any five)

- He gave me _____ one hundred rupee note. (a, an, the)
- My brother has _____ knowledge about computer. (few, any, little)
- There is not _____ money in my purse. (many, any, some)
- The earth _____ round the Sun. (revolved, revolve, revolves)
- _____ that glitters is not gold. (Each, All, Every)
- We must be loyal _____ our country. (of, on, to)
- Our class consists _____ fifty boys. (in, on, of)

10. Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 200 words:

- Importance of Science in daily life
- A festival you like most
- My Hobby

(iv) A visit to a historical place

(v) My Favourite Leader

11. Correct the underlined errors and write them in given space:

The Tajmahal, the famous monument, build by Shah Jahan in memory of her wife. It was complete in twenty two years. The architech was Isakhan that came from Shiraj. The beauty of the Taj are known throughout the world.

Or

Last week when I is crossing the road, the cyclist knocked me off. I lose my balance and fell down in the road. Someone pick me up and when I open my eyes I found myself in a hospital. I have a slight pain in the leg.

12. You are Anand Mishra, studying in Class X (B) in Mother Convent School, Bilaspur. Your father has been transferred to Jagdalpur. Write an application to the Principal of your school, requesting him to issue a transfer certificate.

Or

You are Sneha Malhotra, a student of class X. You are residing in a hostel. Write a letter to your father about your hostel life and studies.

13. Complete the passage using the words given in the bracket:

(parents, children, educating, two, dressing)

The Curies had daughters. In the midst of all their work the found time to give every attention that was necessary to the at home, them, feeding them, taking them out and them.

Or

Complete the passage using the words given in the bracket:

(yard, egg, quarrel, hen, fence)

A small matter started all the. One day one of Ivan's flew over the into the neighbours and laid its egg there. So Ivan's daughter-in-law went to Gabriel's house to look for the.